MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE SUMY NATIONAL AGRARIAN UNIVERSITY

Faculty of Law

Chair of International Relations

Curriculum (Syllabus) of the educational component

Comparative Law (compulsory)

Implemented within the educational program *International Law*

in specialty 293 «International Law»

at the first (bachelor's) level of higher education

Sumy

Author: Nataliia PETROVA, associate professor of International Relations Chair

(signature)

(surname, initials) (academic degree and title, position)

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approved at the meeting of the International Relations Chair	Protocol № 17 10.06.2024 Head of International Relations C	Chair	
		signature)	Nataliia VOLCHENKO (name, surname,)
Approved by:	D		
Guarantor of the education	al program	Alyona	KLOCHKO
Dean of the faculty where program is implemented	the educational	_Oleg	g ROHOVENKO
Syllabus review (attached)	is provided by:	The Has	gROHOVENKO nein Kypuno manine Juneyob
Representative of the Depa licensing and accreditation	rtment of Education Quality,	Bananik)

Syllabus review data:

The	The academic	Changes revised and approved					
academic year in which changes are made	program attachment number with changes description	Date and number of the minutes of the department meeting	Head of Chair	Guarantor of the academic program			

	1. GENERAL INFORM	IATION ABOUT	THE EDUCATION	AL COMPONENT		
1.	Title of the EC	Comparative Lav	V			
2.	Faculty / Chair	Faculty of Law, Chair of International Relations				
3.	Status EC	Compulsory				
4.	Program / Specialty (programs), the component of which is EC for (to be filled in for compulsory EC)	1	professional program 'ternational Law "	"International Law" in the		
5.	EC can be suggested for (to be filled in for optional EC)					
6.	Level of the National Qualifications Framework	The first (bachelo	r's) level of higher ed	ucation, NQF -6		
7.	Semester and duration of module	3 semester, 1-15 weeks				
8.	Number of ECTS credits	5 credit an ECTS				
9.	The total number of hours and their	Con	Individual work			
	distribution is 150 hours (1 semester)	Lectures 10 hours	Practical / seminar 10 hours	Lectures 130 hours		
10.	Language of instruction	Foreign (English)			
11.	Teacher / Coordinator of the educational component		Dleksandrivna, associ ternational Relations	ate professor		
7 4 4				at 12 .15, office. 110 r.		
11.1	General description of the educational	_	ative Law», as a	an academic discipline, solve complex specialized		
	component	tasks in the field content of thorout oday and the leg skills of indeper objects of state and The disciplistudents with known comparative law development of the comparative	of law with an undersugh knowledge of the gal systems of individual to the comparative law degal reality in a "Comparative Law owledge about: the ty general patterns of actional legal systems aspect; legal systems	standing of the nature and e basic legal families of dual countries, as well as we research of the main w" is aimed at providing theoretical foundations of of origin, formation and and their associations in as as the main objects of cs of the legal system of		

		assignment -reduction in course grade; failure (no credit); or reduction in grade given for paper, exam, or assignment without privilege of make-up.
16.	Links in Moodle	https://cdn.snau.edu.ua/moodle/enrol/index.php?id=3728

		Ukraine; general characteristics of Romano-Germanic, Anglo-American, Mixed, Religious, Far Eastern countries, Customary
		legal families. Tasks: formation of students' scientific worldview and a
		system of guidelines for determining the place of a legal system
		on the legal map of the world; accumulation of knowledge about
		the legal systems of the world, their features, which directly or
		by analogy can be used to address atypical legal situations.
13.	The purpose of the	formation students' complete knowledge of the main modern
	educational	legal families and the legal systems of individual countries
	component	belonging to legal families, as well as skills and abilities to
		independently conduct comparative legal research on the main objects of state and legal reality as a necessary element of
		professional legal thinking and professional legal culture.
14.	Module Dependencies	1. The educational component is based on such
	(prerequisites, co-	courses as General Theory of Law, History of State and Law of
	requisites,	Ukraine and Foreign Countries, History of international
	incompatible modules)	relations, Historical and philosophical studies
		2. The educational component is the basis for such
		courses as Comparative Civil Law, Comparative Criminal
		Law, International and Comparative Labor Law, Comparative Constitutional and Administrative Law.
15.	The Policy of	According to the Code of Academic Integrity Sumy NAU
	Academic Integrity	on academic compliance integrity of higher education seekers
		provides independent performance of educational tasks, tasks
		current and final control, learning outcomes.
		It is expected that applicants for higher education will be
		adhere to the principles of academic integrity, aware of the
		consequences of its violation, which is determined normative
		documents of Sumy National Agrarian University, in particular the Code of Academic Integrity, the Regulations on Prevention
,		and Detection of academic plagiarism in Sumy NAU (full list
		regulatory documents posted on the university
		websitehttps://snau.edu.ua/viddil-zabezpechennya-yakosti-
		osviti/zabezpechennya-yakosti-osviti/akademichna-dobrochesnist/).
		Applicants for higher education may be prosecuted for
		violating academic integrity.
		Depending on the nature of the violation, the teacher will assign one of the following penalties:
		Copying
	,	- reduced exam or assignment grade to 0 for assignment or exam;
		Deception
		- re-execution of the task (re-passing assessment (test, exam, test,
		etc.);
		Facilitating academic dishonesty
		-oral or written reprimand; -failure (lack of credit) or reduction of grades for work, exam or
		task to zero (0);
		Plagiarism
		-a mark of zero (0) should be awarded for the assessment in
		which the plagiarism was found to occur
		-rewriting a paper, retaking an exam, test, or quiz, or redoing an

2. LEARNING RESULTS FOR THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT AND THEIR RELATIONSHIP WITH THE SOFTWARE LEARNING RESULTS

MLOs				PLOs			How assessed?
On successful completion of the module the learner will be able to:	PLOs 2	PLOs 3	PLOs 4	PLOs 20	PLOs 21	PLOs 25	
• MLOs 1. To know the content of the main legal categories, developing the ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis, to carry out legal analysis and legal qualification of the phenomena of international life and social processes on the basis of international legal norms, to generate one's own ideas, to make informed decisions, to demonstrate one's own vision of solutions analyzed problems by comparing legal families, using the effective experience of legal regulation that exists in various legal systems of the present day.	X		X	X		X	Workshops 1- 8. modular control, exam
MLOs 2. Compare and contrast legal systems within one type of legal systems and identify similarities and differences between them. Know and understand the systems of law and the affiliation of legal phenomena to certain legal systems, using knowledge of their features; search, process and analyze information from various sources; identify and solve	X	X		X		X	Workshops 1- 8. modular control, exam

problems, orient in the							
legal, scientific and							
reference literature on							
comparative law, as well							
as collect, process and	}						
organize, compare a large							
amount of disparate							
information about the state							
of international relations,							
foreign policy of Ukraine							
including agricultural, and							
other states, legal systems							
and their elements, for						6	
solving the tasks.							
MLOs 3. To be							
able to learn and master							
modern knowledge, to							Workshops 1-8.
understand the general							1
laws of the emergence,	X		X	\mathbf{X}			modular control,
formation and functioning				1			exam
of the state and law in							
legal systems and legal							
families.							
MLOs 4. To be able to use							Workshops 1- 8.
knowledge and	,						
understanding of the							modular control,
subject area and							exam
understanding of							
professional activity, to							
understand the values and							
principles of national and		V		v	v		
other legal systems using		X		X	X		
knowledge about the							
peculiarities of each of the							
types (families) of legal							
systems in the world using							
the methodological							
apparatus of comparative							
jurisprudence.		}					
• MLOs 5. To have							Workshops 1- 8.
the ability to use							
professional reasoning							modular control,
about the peculiarities of					}		exam
legal systems and types							
(legal families) of legal							Multimedia
							presentation and
systems to form the ability							informative
to provide legal opinions		X	X	X	X		speech
and consultations on issues							
of international law,		-					
national law of Ukraine							
and foreign states, to							
determine international						1	
legal foreign policy, economic risks, prevent or							
					I	I	1

minimize them.						
• MLOs 6. To have the ability to evaluate the regularities of the development of domestic law through the prism of international legal norms, as well as the ability to apply the results of comparing the elements of legal systems.	X	X	X	X	X	Workshops 1- 8. modular control, exam

3. CONTENT OF THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT (PROGRAM OF THE COURSE)

Topic. List of issues to be addressed within		Distributio	Recommended Refferences		
the topic	Directed study			Indivi dual work	(Specific source from the main or additional recommended literature)
	Lectu res	Works hops	Labs.		
1. Theoretical and methodological pr	inciples o	f Comparai	tive Law.		
Topic 1. General characteristics of comparative law Plan 1. The concept of comparative law. 2. Comparative Law at the science and academic discipline. The place of comparative Law in the system of legal sciences. 3. History of comparative law. 4. Object, subject, methods, functions and structure of comparative law. 5. Tasks and significance of comparative jurisprudence.	2	2		10	1-45
Topic 2. The classification of legal systems of society. Plan 1. The concept, features and structure of the legal system as the main object of comparative law. 2. Legal family as a special category of comparative jurisprudence. The doctrine of legal families. 3. Criteria of classification of legal systems.	2	2		10	1-45

4 Typology of local gystoms	T	1		T	1
4. Typology of legal systems.					
Legal map of the world as a subject of					
comparative law.		•			
2. Legal systems and legal families as the	main ob	jects of Co	mparati s	ve Law	
Topic 3. Romano-Germanic legal					1-45
family. (European continental type					
(family) of legal systems)).					
Plan					
1. Features and characteristics of the					
Romano-Germanic legal family		}			
2. The main stages of formation and					
development of the Romano-Germanic legal					
family. Reception of Roman law. The	:				
influence of canon law on the formation of Romano-Germanic law.					
3. The structure of the legal system of the Romano-Germanic legal family. Private and	2	2		20	
public law.				20	
4. Features of Roman and German					
law. Common and distinctive features			l		
5. Sources of law of the Romano-Germanic					
legal family.					
5.1. Legal acts or legislation;					
5.2. International agreements;					
5.3. Legal customs ;					
5.4. Judicial practice;					
5.5. Legal doctrine;					
5.6. General principles of law.					
Total A.A. I.A. i. I.I.I.					3.45
Topic 4. Anglo-American legal family. General characteristics.					1-45
Plan					
1. The concept and features of the Anglo-					
American legal family.].
2. History of the origin and development of					
common law.					
3. The structure of the system of law of the					
Anglo-American legal family (English	2	2		20	i
law).					
4. Sources of law of the Anglo-American					
legal family.					
4.1. Judicial precedent; The structure of					
judicial precedent.					
4.2. Law (Statute);			,		
4. 3. Legal doctrine;					
4.3. General principles of law.					
Topic 5. The legal system of the United					1-45
States as a subgroup of the Anglo-			ı		
American legal family and other legal					
systems of the Anglo-American legal					
family.	2	2		20	
Plan 1 Stores of formation of the US level	2	2		20	
1. Stages of formation of the US legal	1				}
system. 2. Features of the American legal system.					
3. Features of sources of law in the United					
States.					
~~~~~	L	L			I

4. The relationship between judicial precedent and the law as sources of law in	1
precedent and the law as sources of law in	
the United States	
5. The ratio of international and national law	
in the United States	
6. The originality of the legal system of	
Scotland.	
7. General description of the legal system of	
Ireland	
8. The main features of the legal system of	
Canada	
9. The legal system of Australia	
9. The legal system of Australia	
Subject 6. Legal systems of mixed type 1-45	
(family) of legal systems.	)
Plan	
1. The concept of legal systems of mixed	
type (family) of legal systems. Features of	
legal systems in the Scandinavian	
countries. Legal systems of the Scandinavian	1
countries (Nordic law) Legal systems of	
Latin America Including the following	
countries: Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay and	
Chile). 2 2 2	
2. Sources of law in the Scandinavian	
countries. Legislation . Judicial	
precedent . Legal practice . Legal	ľ
doctrine . Principles of law. International	
legal acts.	
3. Latin American legal system. Borrowing	
the Latin American legal system from the	
Romano-German legal family and the	
Anglo-American legal family. Borrowing	
from the Anglo-American type of legal	
system (including the American group).	
Topic 7. Traditional legal family. The law	
of the Far East. African traditional	
law.	
Plan	
1. General characteristics of the traditional	
legal family.	
2. The main features of traditional law.	
3. The main features of the law of the Far	
East .	
4. The concept of Chinese law.	
5. The system of the Chinese law	-
6. Sources of Chinese law.	
7. The concept of Japanese law and features	
of its formation.	ļ
8. Sources of modern Japanese law.	
9. Japanese legal system.	
10. Traditional law that has adopted in	
	ł
modern legal systems in Africa.  11. General features of traditional African	}
11. General realures of traditional Afficant	
	1
law	

Topic 8. Religious legal systems.				1-45
Plan				
1. General characteristics of religious legal				
families.				
2. Islamic (Muslim) law. General				
characteristics of Islamic law.				
2.1. The essence and features of Islamic law				
2.2. Sources of Islamic law				
2.3. Features of Islamic law				
2.4. Legislation of modern Muslim countries				
3. Indian law (Hindu law)		_	3	0
3.1. Characteristic features of Hindu law				
3.2. Sources of Hindu law				
4. Jewish law.	_			
4.1. Jewish law: concepts and general		}		
features				
4.2. Sources of Jewish law				
4.3. Modern law of Israel.				
5. Canon law				
5.1. General characteristics of canon law				
5.2. Sources of canon law.				
Total 150	10	10	13	30

## 4. METHODS OF TEACHING AND LEARNING

MLOs	Consultations)	Number of hours	Teaching methods (what types of educational activities the student must perform independently)	Number of hours
MLOs 1. To know the content of the main legal categories, developing the ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis, to carry out legal analysis and legal qualification of the phenomena of international life and social processes on the basis of international legal norms, to generate one's own ideas, to make informed decisions, to demonstrate one's own vision of solutions analyzed problems by comparing legal families, using the effective experience of legal regulation that	- conducting lectures and practical classes with multimedia presentations on each of the topics, explanations, conversations; - work in groups, discussion, individual tasks; -discussions in groups, debate.	4	- preparation for practical classes; - independent additional processing of lecture material; -processing theoretical material, books; - search information from further analysis, systematization, drafting abstracts, compiling a thesis, writing an abstract, systematization summary reviews, preparation of the consolidated abstract; of a summary; - to study and complete tasks in the workshop on topic 1-8.	30

a trace to a state of the section	T	I		Ĭ
exists in various legal				
systems of the present				
day.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4		20
MLOs 2. Compare and	- conducting lectures and practical classes with	4	- preparation for	20
contrast legal systems	-		practical classes,	[
within one type of legal	multimedia presentations		defense of practical	
systems and identify	on each of the		work;	
similarities and	topics, explanations,		- independent additional	
differences between	conversations;		processing of lecture	
them. Know and			material;	
understand the systems	- work in		processing theoretical	
of law and the	groups, discussion,		material, books;	
affiliation of legal	individual tasks; -		- search information	
phenomena to certain	discussions in groups,		from further analysis,	
legal systems, using	debate.		systematization, drafting	}
knowledge of their			abstracts, compiling a	
features; search, process	-Casestudy		thesis, writing an essay,	
and analyze information			drawing up a synopsis;	
from various			work out and	
sources; identify and			complete tasks	
solve problems, orient			(workshop) on topics 3 -	
in the legal, scientific			(Workshop) on topics 3 -	
and reference literature			٥.	
on comparative law, as				
well as collect, process		1		1
and organize, compare a				
large amount of				
disparate information				
about the state of				
international relations,				
foreign policy of				
Ukraine including				
agricultural, and other				
states, legal systems and				
their elements, for				
solving the tasks.				
MLOs 3. To	- conducting lectures and	4	- preparation for	20
	practical classes with	4	1 1	20
be able to learn and	multimedia presentations		practical classes,	
master modern	on each of the		defense of practical	
knowledge, to			work;	
understand the general	topics, explanations,		- independent additional	
laws of the emergence,	conversations;		processing of lecture	
formation and			material;	
functioning of the state	- work in		processing theoretical	
and law in legal systems	groups, discussion,		material, books;	
and legal families.	individual tasks;		- search information	
	-discussions in groups,		from further analysis,	
	debate.		systematization, drafting	
			abstracts, compiling a	
			thesis, writing an essay,	
			drawing up a synopsis;	
			work out and	
			complete tasks (	
			workshop) on topics 2 -	
			8.	
			-testing .	

MLOs 4. To be able to use knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of professional activity, to understand the values and principles of national and other legal systems using knowledge about the peculiarities of each of the types (families) of legal systems in the world using the methodological apparatus of comparative jurisprudence.	- conducting lectures and practical classes with multimedia presentations on each of the topics, explanations, conversations;  - work in groups, discussion, individual tasks; - discussions in groups, debate.	2	- preparation for practical classes, defense of practical work; - independent additional processing of lecture material;processing theoretical material, books; - search information from further analysis, systematization, drafting abstracts, compiling a thesis, writing an essay, drawing up a synopsis; work out and complete tasks (workshop) on topics 1 - 8.	20
have the ability to use professional reasoning about the peculiarities of legal systems and types (legal families) of legal systems to form the ability to provide legal opinions and consultations on issues of international law, national law of Ukraine and foreign states, to determine international legal foreign policy, economic risks, prevent or minimize them.	- conducting lectures and practical classes with multimedia presentations on each of the topics, explanations, conversations;  - work in groups, discussion, individual tasks; - discussions in groups, debate. discussions	2	- preparation for practical classes, defense of practical work; - independent additional processing of lecture material;processing theoretical material, books (reading); - search information from further analysis, systematization, drafting abstracts, compiling a thesis, writing an essay, drawing up a synopsis; work out and complete tasks (workshop) on topics 1 - 8 preparation of a multimedia presentation and a speech-informing.	20
• MLOs 6. To have the ability to evaluate the regularities of the development of domestic law through the prism of international legal norms, as well as the	- conducting lectures and practical classes with multimedia presentations on each of the topics, explanations, conversations; - work in	4	- preparation for practical classes, defense of practical work; - independent additional processing of lecture material;processing theoretical	20

ability to apply the results of comparing the elements of legal systems.	groups, discussion, individual tasks; - discussions in groups, debate. discussions		material, books (reading); - search information from further analysis, systematization, drafting abstracts, compiling a thesis, writing an essay, drawing up a synopsis; work out and complete tasks ( workshop) on topics 1 - 8.	
<b>Total: 150</b>		20		130

## 5. ASSESSMENT

- 5.1. Diagnostic assessment
- 5.2. Summative assessment
- **5.2.1. Intended learning outcomes methods:**

№	Methods of summative evaluation	Points / Weight in the overall score	Date of compilation
	Autumn semester		
1	Practical work. Topic. General characteristics of comparative law. Oral examination of theoretical material. Performing a practical task. Testing.	10 points / 10%	Till 1 week
2	Practical work. The question of classification of legal systems of society.  Oral examination of theoretical material. Execution of a practical task.	10 points / 10%	Till 3 week
3	Practical work Topic. Romano-Germanic legal family. (European continental type (family) of legal systems)).  Oral examination of theoretical material. Execution of a practical task.	10 points / 10%	Till -5 week
4	Modular control (control work / testing)	5 points / 5%	Till 6 week
5	Practical work. Topic. Anglo-American legal family. General characteristics.  Oral examination of theoretical material. Execution of a practical task.	4 points / 4%	Till 8 week
6	Practical work. Topic. The legal system of the United States as a subgroup of the Anglo-American legal family and other legal systems of the Anglo-American legal family. Oral examination of theoretical material. Execution of a practical task.	4 points / 4%	Until the 10th week
7	Practical work. Topic. Legal systems of mixed type (family) of legal systems.  Oral examination of theoretical material. Execution of a practical task.	4 points / 4%	Until the 12th week
8	Practical work. Topic. Traditional legal family. The law of the Far East. African traditional law. Oral examination of theoretical material. Execution of a practical task.	4 points / 4%	Till I 4 weeks

9		Individual	Work.	Report	with	10 points /10%	Till 15 weeks
		a multimedia pi	resentation and a	speech-informin	g on the		
		subject of indep	pendent study of t	the discipline.			
10	10 Modular control (control work / testing)			5 points / 5%	Till 15 weeks		
		Exam.				30 points / 30%	Till 15 weeks

## 5.2.2. Evaluation criteria

Component	Unsatisfactorily	Satisfactorily	Fine	Perfectly
Autumn semester				
Practical work. Topic.  General characteristics of	0-5 points	3-4 points	5-7 points	8-10 points
comparative law .	Practical work has not been done or has been done incorrectly. Student has oriented in theoretical material.	Not all tasks of practical work have been fulfilled. Makes significant mistakes during the oral examination.	The tasks are performed with minor errors, the student is not sufficiently oriented in the theoretical material	All tasks of practical work are completed, the student is well versed in the theoretical material
Practical work. The question	0-5 points	3-4 points	5-7 points	8-10 points
of classification of legal systems of society.	Practical work has not been done or has been done incorrectly. Student has oriented in theoretical material.	Not all tasks of practical work have been fulfilled. Makes significant mistakes during the oral examination.	The tasks are performed with minor errors, the student is not sufficiently oriented in the theoretical material	All tasks of practical work are completed, the student is well versed in the theoretical material
Practical work Topic.	0-5 points	3-4 points	5-7 points	8-10 points
Romano-Germanic legal family. (European continental type (family) of legal systems)).	Practical work has not been done or has been done incorrectly. Student has oriented in theoretical material.	Not all tasks of practical work have been fulfilled. Makes significant mistakes during the oral examination.	The tasks are performed with minor errors, the student is not sufficiently oriented in the theoretical material	All tasks of practical work are completed, the student is well versed in the theoretical material

Modular control (written test /	0-1 points	1-2 points	3-4 points	4-5 points
testing)	Depends on the number and quality of correct answers to questions / test	Depends on the number and quality of correct answers to questions / test	Depends on the number and quality of correct answers to questions / test	Depends on the number and quality of correct answers to questions / test
	0-1 points	1-2 points	2-3 points	3-4 points
Practical work. Topic. Anglo-American legal family. General characteristics.	Depends on the number and quality of correct answers to questions / test	Depends on the number and quality of correct answers to questions / test	Depends on the number and quality of correct answers to questions / test	Depends on the number and quality of correct answers to questions / test
	0-1 points	1-2 points	2-3 points	3-4 points
Practical work. Topic. The legal system of the United States as a subgroup of the Anglo-American legal family and other legal systems of the Anglo- American legal family.	Practical work has not been done or has been done incorrectly. Student has oriented in theoretical material.	Not all tasks of practical work are fulfilled. Makes significant mistakes during the oral examination.	The tasks are performed with minor errors, the student is not sufficiently oriented in the theoretical material.	All tasks of practical work are completed, the student is well oriented in the theoretical material
	0-1 points	1-2 points	2-3 points	3-4 points
Practical work. Topic. Legal systems of mixed type (family) of legal systems.	Practical work has not been done or has been done incorrectly. Student has oriented in theoretical material.	Not all tasks of practical work are fulfilled. Makes significant mistakes during the oral examination.	The tasks are performed with minor errors, the student is not sufficiently oriented in the theoretical material.	All tasks of practical work are completed, the student is well oriented in the theoretical material
	0-1 points	1-2 points	2-3 points	3-4 points
Practical work. Topic. Traditional legal family. The law of the Far East. African traditional law.	Practical work has not been done or has been done incorrectly. Student has oriented in theoretical material.	Not all tasks of practical work are fulfilled. Makes significant mistakes during the oral examination.	The tasks are performed with minor errors, the student is not sufficiently oriented in the theoretical material.	All tasks of practical work are completed, the student is well oriented in the theoretical material
IW . Report with	0-5 points	3-4 points	5-7 points	8-10 points

#### Formative assessment:

No		Date
	Formative Assessment elements	
1.	Oral feedback from the teacher during working on a report or abstract; after the topic.	After finishing the topic
2.	Execution of tasks from the workshop on Comparative Law; for each seminar	For each seminar
3.	Oral feedback from the teacher during the preparation of a multimedia presentation and a speech-informing	Till 15 weeks
4.	Written (test) asking after studying the topics 1-4, 5-8. Provides a practical task, discussion. Oral feedback after the topic.	According to the schedule of the educational process. After studying the topic.
5.	Oral feedback from teachers and students during Casestudy; after the topic.	After studying the topic.
6.	Assessment of academic knowledge. Preparation for the test (exam). Final semester written test.	According to the schedule of the educational process.  After studying the topic.
7.	Oral interview after studying each topic	After completing the study of the topic
8.	Oral feedback from the teacher while working on practical work during classes.	Throughout the semester

#### 6. LEARNING RESOURCES (LITERATURE)

#### 6.1. Main sources:

- 1. Comparative Law. Mathias Siems. Second edition. 2018. 535 p. <a href="https://library.nlu.edu.ua/BIBLIOTEKA/SAIT/Comparative%20Law.pdf">https://library.nlu.edu.ua/BIBLIOTEKA/SAIT/Comparative%20Law.pdf</a>
- 2. Гапотій В.Д., Жильцов О.Л., Воржевітіна Г.І. Основні правові системи світу:навчальний посібник. Мелітополь: ФОП Однорог Т.В., 2019. 279 с.
- 3. Павліченко, Є. В., Голинська, М. Я. І. Становлення порівняльного правознавства та порівняльно-правової методології. Правовий часопис Донбасу, 2019, 18-24. 4. Правова карта сучасного світу. Навчальний посібник / Петришин О.В., Зінченко О.В. Харків: Право, 2018. 508 с.
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#### 6.4. Information resources

The name of the resource or organization	Language resource	email address
Sites o	f scientific institutions	
International Academy of Comparative Law / International Academy of Comparative Law	Eng.	http://www.iuscomparatum.org https://aidc-iacl.org/
Center for European and Comparative Law Центр європейського та порівняльного правознавства	Ukr	http://clc.org.ua
Legal systems of the world: JuriGlobe Research JuriGlobe (University of Ottawa) \ t	English, French, Spanish, Chinese, Arabic.	http://www.juriglobe.ca

Curriculum Peer Review (Syllabus)

The parameter by which the curriculum (syllabus) of the educational component is evaluated  General information about the educational component is sufficiently reflects its essence  The learning outcomes of the educational component correspond to the NQF  Learning outcomes in the educational component correspond to the provisions of the PLOs (for mandatory EC)  The learning outcomes of the educational component provide an opportunity to measure and assess the level of their achievement  Learning outcomes relate to students' competencies, not the content of the discipline (contain knowledge, skills, abilities, not the topics of the discipline's curriculum)  Learning activity (teaching and learning methods) allows students to achieve the expected learning outcomes  The educational component involves learning through research  The assessment strategy within the educational component component is in line with the policy of the University / Faculty  The workload of students is adequate to the volume of the educational component  Recommended learning resources are sufficient to achieve learning outcomes  The workload of students is adequate to the volume of the educational component  The learning outcomes are sufficient to achieve learning outcomes  The workload of students is adequate to the volume of the educational component  The literature is relevant  Yes  Relevant and modern	Curriculum Peer Review (Syllabus)					
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Peer Reviewers:

Member of the project group EP International Law

(title)

Tutor of the Chair

International Relations (title)

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